

06 Jun - 12 Jun

postmaster@mscio.eu



https://mscio.eu/



0033 (0) 298 220 170

OVERVIEW OF INCIDENTS IN THE VOLUNTARY REPORTING AREA (VRA)



CATEGORY	No.	Page Ref.
♀ Armed Robbery	Nil	NSTR
♀ Attack	Nil	NSTR
? Attempted Boarding	Nil	NSTR
♀ Boarding	Nil	NSTR
♀ Hijack	Nil	NSTR
♀ Kidnap	Nil	NSTR
Piracy	Nil	NSTR
Suspicious Activity	Nil	NSTR
Other Maritime Crimes	1	2-3
Total Incidents	1	



OTHER MARITIME CRIMES

1. SIGNIFICANT INCIDENTS IN THE VRA.

1. 1 GNSS INTERFERENCES.

1.2 DATE: JUN 10, 2025.

1.3 LOCATION: 1800N-04000E

1.4 DURATION: Effects lasted hours.

2. ANOTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION RELATED WITH GNSS DISRUPTIONS.

In previous MSCIO Weekly Reports, three events related with GNSS interferences were published. These events took place in areas such as southern and central areas of the Red Sea and the Strait of Hormuz. It is well known that these interferences affect GNSS equipment during periods that can last hours. It is utterly advised to watch traditional means of navigation while transiting for the areas where the probability of suffering a GNSS interference is high.

<u>In the map showed in page 3</u>, a summary of all the events related with GNSS interferences happened during the last month of May can be consulted.

To understand more about specific virtual threats, BMP offers a detailed description about different ways to suffer a GNSS disruption. (Pag 15). bmp-ms-2025-final-hi-res.pdf

MORE INFO:

UKMTO: Recent Incidents

MSCIO: MSC IO | Alerts

MSC IO | WEEKLY THREAT ASSESSMENT 2025

JMIC: JMIC Weekly Dashboard - 2025





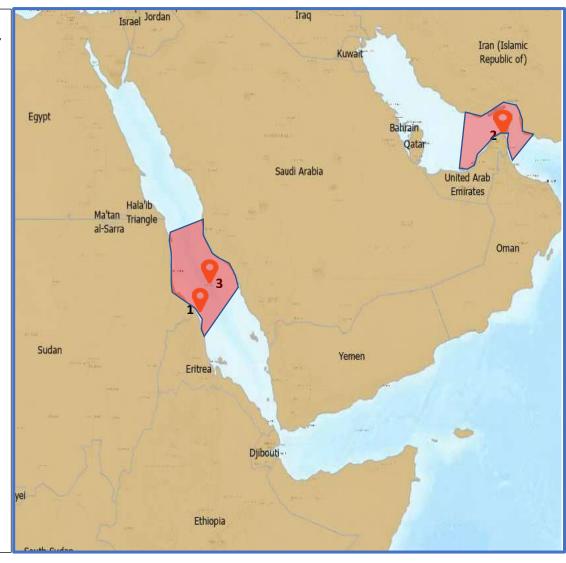
OTHER MARITIME CRIMES

SUMMARY OF EVENTS RELATED WITH GNSS INTERFERENCES HAPPENED IN THE VRA (VOLUNTARY REPORTING AREA) DURING THE LAST MONTH (MAY 25).

Reference points listed below are to be considered as reference areas.

- 1. 1830N 03911E RED SEA (Reported on May 09)
- 2. 2640N 05630E STRAIT OF HORMUZ (Reported on May 18).
- 3. 1725N 04040E RED SEA (Reported on May 22).

Area affected by GNSS interferences.

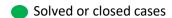




LAST PIRACY RELATED EVENTS (STATUS AND DETAILED DESCRIPTION)

No	Date	Name	MSE	Last info
			Category	
45	7 FEB	FV AL NAJMA	Armed Robbery	Reported hijacked dhow ivo EYL. 6 hijackers. On 12 Feb, the hijackers left the dhow. No information of any ransom paid was confirmed
46	15 FEB	FV SAYTUUN 2	Armed Robbery	Reported hijacked vessel ivo EYL. 6 hijackers. On 22 Feb, the hijackers, after stealing the crew's belongings, abandoned the dhow. A ransom has been paid
47	16 MAR	FV AL HIDAYA	Armed Robbery	Hijack reported off the coast of "DURDURA" South of XAFUN - 5 hijackers.

Locations of the events 45, 46 and 47 are marked with in pag 6.

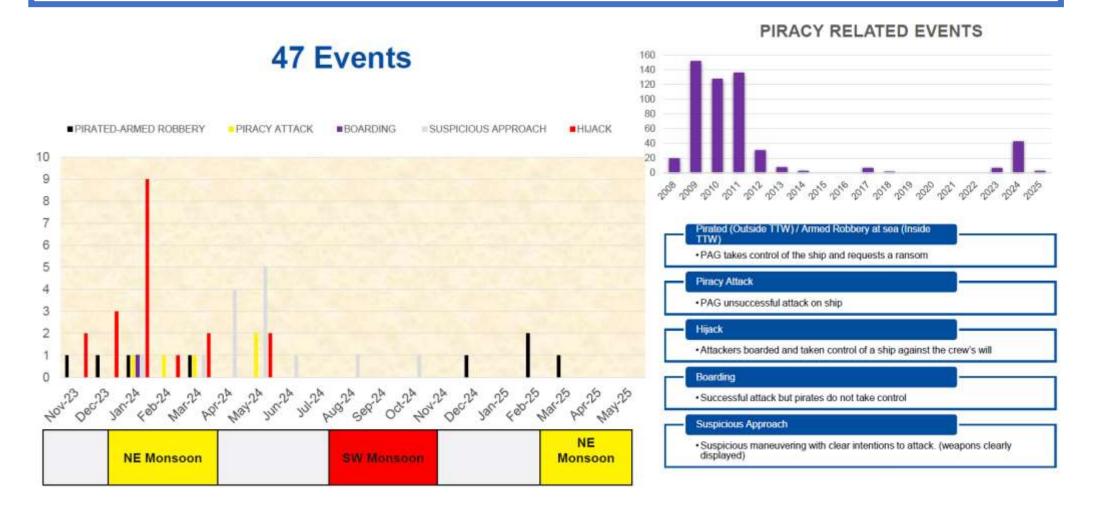


Active cases

Unsolved cases

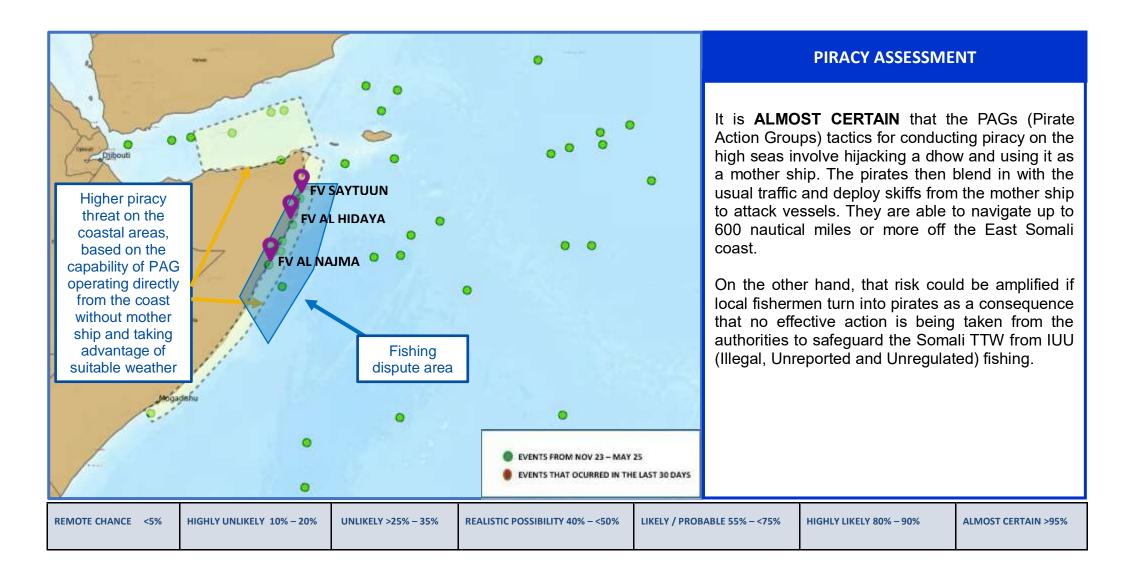


PIRACY STATISTICS (NOV 2023 – JUN 2025)





PIRACY SITUATION (NOV 2023 – JUN 2025)





ATALANTA PIRACY THREAT UPDATE

ATALANTA

UPDATE ON THE PIRACY THREAT OFF THE COAST OF SOMALIA

12 JUN 2025

Situation: Nothing significant to report

Pirates' modus operandi: The typical pirate strategy involves the seizure and hijacking of a dhow, which is subsequently utilized as a mother ship. The pirates then blend in with the usual traffic and deploy skiffs from the mother ship to attack vessels, navigating as far as 600 Nautical Miles or more, off the East Somali coast. The possibility of Attacks in the Gulf of Aden (GOA) should not be ignored, especially in the Eastern side. After a vessel is seized, it is likely that this is taken to the Somali coast and held there whilst ransom negotiations are ongoing.

Threat evaluation: These armed robberies within Somali territorial waters demonstrate an active and evolving threat in the region. Despite routine patrols conducted by Combined Maritime Forces (CMF), EUNAVFOR ATALANTA and other warships in these waters, pirates continue to demonstrate sophisticated operational capabilities. These incidents highlight the existence of well-established coastal support infrastructure and the ability to conduct coordinated operations. The successful execution of recent attacks indicates that pirate action groups maintain the capability and intent to target vessels in this region. This assessment is supported by their demonstrated ability to operate within territorial waters, utilize multiple coastal locations, and sustain extended operations



Registration and reporting. CSO's and masters are encourage to register their vessels with both MSCIO (https://mscio.eu/reporting/vessel-registration/) and UKMTO (https://www.ukmto.org/reporting-formats/initial-report) upon entering the UKMTO Voluntary Reporting Area and report all incidents to UKMTO and MSCIO.

When safe to do so, vessels should document incidents and suspicious activity through logs, photographs, video, and radar footage. CSOs should gather information on Pattern of Life and Maritime Domain Awareness for their planned routes and ports of call to support risk assessments. These procedures enable effective monitoring and resource allocation by CMF and EUNAVFOR ATALANTA.

Contact Information:

MSCIO:

Tel: 0033 (0) 298 220 220 // 0033 (0) 298 220 170

Website: www.mscio.eu

Email: postmaster@mscio.eu



ADVISORY









The information herein is derived from open-source information and does not confirm any deliberate targeting of maritime interests as of this publication.

Area of concern: Arabian Gulf, Strait of Hormuz and Nothern Arabian Sea.

Open-source information and regional diplomatic developments indicate a marked escalation in tensions between Israel and Iran. The situation remains fluid and highly volatile. At present, there is no direct evidence that commercial shipping is being targeted. However, given the proximity of regional flashpoints to major maritime routes, the potential for rapid escalation involving a maritime nexus should not be discounted.

More information in the following links:

UKMTO: Advisory # 22

20250611-ukmto-mscio-jmic-advisory-022-2025.pdf

JMIC: JMIC# 008-25

008 JMIC Advisory Note 11 JUNE 2025 (1).pdf

008 JMIC Advisory Note 11 JUNE 2025 Update 001 1.pdf

MSCIO:

008 JMIC Advisory Note 11 JUNE 2025 Update 001 1.pdf 20250611-UKMTO MSCIO JMIC ADVISORY INCIDENT 021-251.pdf

